two projects for red oil palm cultivation have been taken up, in Kerala and the Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

(c) The quantity of red palm oil produced from Kerala projects in 1983-84 was 195.16 MT and from Andaman & Nicobar Islands was 50 Kilo litres.

(d) The demand of edible oil in the country is not estimated on a sourcewise basis.

(e) The quantity of palm oil imported during the financial year 1983-84 (April to February) is 5.87 lakh tonnes. The oilwise details are as under:—

	Oil	1983-84 (April to Feb.) (quantity in lakh tonnes)
1	Neut Plam Oil .	0·77
2	RBD Palm Oil .	1·82
3	RBD Palmolein .	3·28
		5·87

University at Pondicherry

1850. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount allotted in the current budget for setting up a Central University at Pondicherry;

(b) the amount spent thereon, as on the 30th June, 1984; and

(c) the details of the work so far undertaken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRIES OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): (a) to (c) It has been decided to establish a Central University at Pondicherry. The Bill for the purpose is yet to be introduced. The question of expenditure will arise only after the necessary legislation is passed and the University comes into being. Thereafter such expenditure as becomes necessary will be met from the plan allocation made to the University Grants Commission.

Computers in Schools

1851. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the list of schools in the country where computers have been provided; and

(b) the expenditure incurred thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRIES OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): (a) 250 schools have been selected for participation in the 'Computer Literacy and Studies in Schools' Project. The computer systems are expected to be provided to these schools during September, 1984. List of these schools is given in the enclosed statement (See Appendix (XXXI, Annexure No. 39.]

(b) The computer systems are being supplied by the Government of U.K. under a bilateral technical cooperation arrangement. Hence no expenditure is being incurred by the Government of India on these systems.

Budget allocation for JNU Nuclear Centre

1852. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND CULTURE be pleased to state the details of current budget allocation for setting up a nuclear centre in the Jawaharlal Nehru University Campus?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRIES OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): The total estimated cost for the establishment of the Centre up to the end of the Seventh Plan is Rs. 13.90 crores. No separate allocation has been made for this scheme in the budget of the UGC for 1984-85. However, the Commission expects to meet such expenditure as is necessary on this Centre during the current year from the provision of Rs. 106.00 lakhs made in the budget

of the UGC for 1984-85 for establishment of national facilities.

Creation of massive job opportunities in the rural areas

1853. SHRI T. THANGABALU: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any plan to create massive job oportunities in the rural areas to solve the unemployment problem in the country during the Seventh Five Year Plan period; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard and the allocation likely to be made in this sector in the Seventh Five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI): (a) and (b) Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), National Rural Employment Programme (NREP) and Rural Landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP) are the major programmes launched for providing additional employment opportunities to the rural unemployed/under-employed. The approach paper to the Seventh Plan states that the emphasis on rural development through these programmes will continue with better planning closer monitoring and tighter organisation for effective implementation. The other details are not available as the Seventh Five Year Plan has yet to be finalised.

Number of seats in Delhi colleges for Higher Studies

1854. SHRI J. K. JAIN: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of seats available in the colleges of Delhi University in the 1st year of BA, B. Com and B.Sc. College-wise;

(b) the number of students who have passed the senior secondary examination this year;

(c) whether any arrangements are being made to augment the seats in colleges for a wider accommodation of students desirous of higher studies; and

(d) if so, the details in tthis regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRIES OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): (a) According to the information furnisred by the University, total admission capacity in different courses in Delhi Colleges is as follows:—

B.A. (Pass)	..	5945
B.A. (Hons.)	..	6546
B. Com. (Pass)	..	4150
B. Com. (Hons.)	..	2315
B. Sc. (General)	..	2129
B. Sc. (Hons.)	..	2185
Total:		23270

However, the University expects about 28,000 students could be admitted to full-time courses in the Colleges in Delhi.

(b) The number of students who secured 40 per cent or above marks in the Senior Secondary School Certificate Examination, 1984 is 39,539.

(c) and (d) The facilities provided by the School of Correspondence Courses and Continuing Education and the Non-Collegiate Wormen's Education Board can register an unlimited number of students for various first degree courses offered by the Delhi University.

Development of National Highways

1855. SHRI R. SAMBA SIVA RAO: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) the amount earmarked for the development of different National Highways during the year 1984-85;

(b) the names of the National Highways which are likely to be developed during the current financial year?